

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 25.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, MAR. 12, 1896.

NUMBER 29.



Great Boot and Shoe Bargains.

First-class goods at from 25 to 33 1/2 per cent lower prices than you will find anywhere.

Not many but what must buy shoes during the spring season. When ready to purchase remember we have the largest assortment, the latest styles, and sell only manufacturers' goods that have been thoroughly tested.

Men's Grain Boots at \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50. First-class in every respect.

Men's Plow Shoes at \$1.25, \$1.40 and \$1.65. Congress, buckle or lace.

In our stock you will find the Armstrong Shoes, Plant Shoes, Utz & Dun Shoes, Douglas Shoes, Reynolds Shoes, and the greatest trade winners of them all, the

Little Giant School Shoes.

Of course you know about them. No children's shoes on earth so well known. All styles, sizes and widths now in stock.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

Furniture & Hardware

For the spring trade. Our stock is complete and prices lower than ever before.

Special prices on cook stoves and our own make of tinware. A nice line of room and picture moldings.

We sell Flint Wagons.

W. J. KNAPP.

Let us make

Your Clothes

Prime materials and work in every way.

GEO. WEBSTER.

Subscribe for the Herald.

Village Election.

More than usual interest was manifested in the corporation election last Monday. Two tickets were in the field—Workingmen's and Law and Order. The entire Workingmen's ticket was elected with majorities ranging from 12 to 84. The vote was larger than ever before, 402 ballots being cast. Of this number 175 were straight Workingmen and 132 straight Law and Order tickets, and three tickets were thrown out, having no mark of any kind to show how the voters intended to vote. The result of the count is as follows:

PRESIDENT.

William P. Schenk 231-46
Clarence J. Chandler 175

CLERK.

John B. Cole 289-84
Willis B. Warner 155

TRUSTEES.

John J. Raftrey 202-12
Israel Vogel 226-36
Frederick Wedemeyer 2:8-38
Geo. Blaich 190
Henry L. Wood 166
John S. Cummings 167

TREASURER.

John W. Beissel 212-28
Albert E. Winans 184

ASSESSOR.

Edgar A. Williams 237-81
Samuel A. Mapes 156

School Report.

The following is the report of the Sylvan Centre school for the winter term of 1895-6:

Number days taught, 78; number pupils enrolled, 43; average daily attendance, 37; applicants for diplomas, 3, viz: Austin Gray, Jake Forner, Willie Forner; average standings 80 or below, none; average standings 90 or above, 22, viz: Allie Guthrie, Henry Forner, Willie Hafley, Joe Knoll, Harry West, Nora Forner, Blanche Ludlow, George Knoll, Albert Haselschwerdt, George Hafley, Emma Forner, Burton Gray, Fred Hafley, Carl Kalmbach, Lewis Haselschwerdt, Ada Walsea, Bell Ward, Lizzie Knoll, Edith Young, Effie Ludlow, Andrew Hafley, Laura Knoll.

ALMEDA PARKS, Teacher.

Pingree Club.

There will be a meeting held in the basement of the town hall Saturday night, March 14th, at 7:30 o'clock.

Every voter who is in favor H. S. Pingree for governor of Michigan is invited to be present and participate in the organization.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:

E. Austin, Detroit, oil and water separator; B. Beland, Menominee, washing machine; H. T. Bush, Detroit, valve; J. M. Davies, Grand Rapids, skirt supporter; L. B. Denton, Grand Rapids, caster; N. H. Dolsen, Hessen, wind wheel; W. T. Hess, Grand Rapids, carpet sweeper; J. D. Keller, Detroit, bit; C. L. Merithew, Muir, emery wheel; O. M. Morse, Jackson, separator; H. H. Norrington, West Bay City, savings bank; W. H. Richmond, Mount Pleasant, swing; L. J. Severson, Florence, drait equalizer; N. Smith, Saginaw, combined grain cleaner and stock feeder; S. D. Strong, Homer, tank heater.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, March 9, 1896:

Geo. Davis.
Wm. Durnity.
Wm. Hagan.
Christian Veasell.
Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."
GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

While no physician or pharmacist can conscientiously warrant a cure, the J. C. Ayer Co. guarantee the purity, strength and medicinal virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It was the only blood purifier admitted at the great World's Fair in Chicago, 1893.

Choice Family Groceries, Pure Drugs and Lowest Prices,

All combine to make the

Bank Drug Store

The best place in Chelsea for you to trade. We are proving this every day at our counters. How do our quotations this week compare with the prices that you are paying elsewhere?

New Wall Paper.

We are prepared to sell you your wall paper this season. We have got a large assortment of this season's patterns and are making the prices to do it.

We will sell you at present:

19 pounds gran. sugar for \$1.00.	pure kettle rendered lard 8c per pound.
6 pounds best crackers for 25 cents.	Try our 25c N. O. molasses.
Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.	Choice honey, strained and in the comb.
Best pumpkin 7 cents per can.	Sultana seedless raisins 5 cents pound.
7 cans sardines for 25 cents.	Best tea dust 12 1/2 cents per pound.
Fresh ginger snaps 5 cents per pound.	28 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.
8 pounds Muscatel raisins for 25 cents.	8 pound pails family whitefish for 45c
10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.	8 pound pails No. 1 whitefish for 80c
5 pounds choice rice for 25 cents.	Herring, medium size, 13c per box
Lamp wicks 1 cent per yard.	Large fresh oranges and lemons
50 pounds sulphur for \$1.00	Kirkoline for washing 20c per package
Strongest ammonia 4 cents per pint.	No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.	50 pounds sulphur for \$1.00
All sodas 5 cents per package.	Choice amber sugar syrup 20c per gal.
Gloss starch 5 cents per package.	A large assortment of sponges and
Large cucumber pickles 4 cents per doz.	chamois skins.
Fairbanks' best cololene 7c per pound.	Try White Pine Balsam for your cold.
All patent medicines 1/2 to 1/4 off.	Kerosine oil 10c per gal.

Glazier & Stimson

To the Ladies of Chelsea and Vicinity:

About March 20th I shall put in a complete stock Millinery Goods and I cordially invite the ladies of Chelsea and vicinity to call and inspect same before purchasing elsewhere. Goods new, up to date, and prices right. Would respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. Look for "ad." next week.

NELLIE C. MARONEY.

Rooms over H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co's store

THE CASH STORE.

Codfish, Mackerel, Whitefish, Halibut
and Canned Fish.

JOHN FARRELL.

Hier wird Deutsch gesprochen.

What Do You Expect to Find

In a first-class meat market? The first thing is the class of meat kept in stock—whether it is nice, tender and juicy, or tough as a 10-year old Texas steer. Being satisfied on this point, you begin to look around as to the cleanliness of the market and clerks. We would be pleased to have you call and put us to this test. We pride ourselves on our cleanliness, and all our meats will be found first-class and the best in the market. Our prices will always be found just right, too.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

* Artistic Granite Memorials. *

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1863.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Proceedings of the First Session. Bills were raised in the senate on the 2d authorizing the addition of 1,000 enlisted men to the navy...

The senate gave most of the time on the 2d to the agricultural appropriation bill and passed that measure, carrying \$3,262,000, without material amendment.

McDonald & Watt, wholesale grocers at Fort Wayne, Ind., made an assignment with liabilities of \$100,000.

H. C. Wilmouth pleaded guilty to bigamy at Kansas City, Kan., and said that in the last nine years he had married nine different women, all of whom are living.

The date for the execution of H. H. Holmes, the convicted murderer of Benjamin F. Pictzel and alleged murderer of 21 others, was fixed by Gov. Hastings, of Pennsylvania, who named May 7.

Students at Princeton (N. J.) college burned in effigy the king of Spain and destroyed a Spanish flag.

Gov. Bushnell, of Ohio, pardoned Jefferson Moorehead, who was convicted 27 years ago of murder and sent to state prison for life.

Daniel Talmage's Sons, rice merchants in New York, with branches at Charleston and New Orleans, assigned with liabilities of \$200,000.

In a fit of absent-mindedness Mrs. Bert McConnell, of Seville, O., thrust \$3,300 in money, notes and securities into the fire.

O. B. MacKnight, a private banker at Wilkesbarre, Pa., failed with liabilities of \$100,000; assets, \$40,000.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 6th aggregated \$1,061,546,907, against \$913,622,465 the previous week.

The United States senate was not in session on the 6th. In the house the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was passed, as was also a bill making seven years' continued and unexplained absence sufficient proof of a soldier's death in cases of application for pensions.

With the subsidence of the waters which overwhelmed the greater part of New England figures of losses show total damages of over \$2,000,000. Six lives were lost.

The 103d anniversary of Washington's second inauguration as president of the United States was observed in Philadelphia by the Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Dames of America.

Throughout eastern Berks county, Pa., for a distance of ten miles, a distinct shock of earthquake was felt and houses were shaken, windows rattled and glass broken.

The Ohio legislature has passed a bill making Lincoln's birthday a legal holiday.

Capt. Simon Baker, Larry Seaman William Anderson and M. Moguati were drowned by the wrecking of the schooner Willie Ann off the Florida coast.

The National Wholesale Lumber Dealers' association in session at Saginaw, Mich., elected Charles M. Betts, of Philadelphia, as president.

The Northwestern Normal school, with an enrollment of 400 students from almost every state in the union, was burned at Stanberry, Mo.

It was rumored that President Cleveland would send a military commission to Cuba to report on the condition of affairs there.

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The following congressional renominations, all republicans, were made in Ohio: First district, Charles P. Taft; Second, J. H. Bromwell; Eighth, Archibald Lyman; Thirteenth, Stephen R. Harris.

Phillip J. A. Harper, the retired senior member of the publishing firm of Harper Brothers, of New York city, died at his home in Hempstead, L. I., aged 72 years.

FOREIGN.

A new submarine telegraph line will be laid between France, the United States and the Antilles.

The Ambigu theater in Paris was burned, the loss being 300,000 francs.

Mobs ruled nearly every city of any size throughout Italy. The Italian forces in Abyssinia were practically annihilated.

It was found that 100 miners perished in a fire in the Cleophas coal mine at Kattowitz, Prussian Silesia.

The universities at Valencia, Granada and Barcelona were closed by Spanish officials in order to prevent the students from making demonstrations against the United States.

Several churches, the post office and 50 buildings were left in ashes by a fire at Asperon, South Holland.

The reopening of telegraphic communication with the region of Pinar del Rio shows that the Cuban insurgents had reduced 13 towns in that province to ashes, and their inhabitants were wandering helpless over the country, many of them starving.

The ministry of Italy announced its resignation and Premier Crispi added that it had been accepted by the king.

The Korean king went into the Russian legation at Seoul and formed a new government, dismissing all former cabinet officers, and had eight of the old ministers beheaded.

Advices from Rome say that King Humbert had declared that he would rather abdicate the throne of Italy than to abandon the Italian province of Erythrea, in Africa.

Col. Vozhak, Russian military agent to China, confirmed the report that the queen of Corea is alive.

There were renewed demonstrations of hostility to the United States at Valencia, Dolores and Alicante, in Spain. The prime minister announced that all hostile demonstrations against America would be suppressed, and he hoped means would be found to avoid alienating the friendly relations with the United States.

Dispatches from Havana say that a majority of Cuban merchants have agreed to boycott the products of the United States.

LATER.

The actions of the mob element in Valencia, Spain, became so threatening that martial law was proclaimed. The mob marched through the streets shouting "Long live Spain!" "Death to the Yankees!" At Bilbao and Barcelona attempts to mob the American consulates were prevented by the police.

The will of E. W. Nye (Bill Nye) leaves an estate valued at \$75,000 to his wife.

James H. McVicker, for nearly 40 years proprietor of McVicker's theater in Chicago, died at his home, aged 74 years.

A new ministry for Italy was formed, with Marquis di Rudini as premier and Gen. Ricotti as minister of war.

Three children of John Hahn, a prosperous farmer of the Choctaw-Hatchee valley, Geneva county, Ala., were burned to death.

Two cars of the Kirkwood electric railroad collided near St. Louis, and 50 persons were injured, four fatally.

Edward Haek, a young barber at Oakland, Cal., shot and killed Diana Pacheco and then killed himself. Objections to their getting married was the cause.

W. A. Burleigh, who served two years in congress 30 years ago, died at his home in Yankton, S. D., aged 76 years.

The shovel factory of Hubbard & Co. at Pittsburgh, Pa., was damaged by fire to the extent of \$100,000.

Louis Darwin died at his home, near Black River Falls, Wis., aged 107 years. His wife, to whom he had been married for 80 years, died on November 17 last, aged 101.

After a session lasting 54 days the South Carolina legislature adjourned sine die.

The inaugural step made by Ballington Booth, the deposed commander of the Salvation Army in America, in a rival organization on lines similar to the one from whose command he has been relieved, met with success in New York city.

A fire in warehouse No. 3 of the Union Warehouse company at Louisville, Ky., caused a loss of \$200,000.

Washington, March 9.—There was no session of the senate on Saturday. In the house the joint resolution authorizing the secretary of the treasury to distribute the world's laid medals and diplomas was passed.

The post office appropriation bill (\$91,000,000) was discussed, and a series of attempts were made to increase the compensation of fourth-class postmasters, but they went before points of order.

WHERE DID YOU GET THIS COFFEE? Had the Ladies' Aid Society of our Church out for tea, forty of them, and all pronounced the German Coffeeberry equal to Rio! Salzer's catalogue tells you all about it! 35 packages Earliest vegetable seeds \$1.00.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND WITH 15c. stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free a package of above great coffee seed and our 148 page catalogue! Catalogue alone 5c. postage. (K)

THERE is a gift that is almost a blow, and there is a kind word that is munificence; so much is there in the way of doing things.—A. Helps.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KISSAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WE are commonly taught our duty by fear or shame, but how can they act upon a man who hears nothing but his own praises! —Johnson.

Don't Be Too Late for the Steamer.

And don't omit when you are packing up your effects preparatory for the voyage, to include among them a supply of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the great remedy for sea sickness.

Home Seekers Excursions. In order to give everyone an opportunity to see the Western Country and enable the home seekers to secure a home in time to commence work for the season of 1896, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y has arranged to run a series of four home seekers excursions to various points in the West, North-West and South-West on the following dates: March 10, April 7 and 21 and May 5, at the low rate of two dollars more than ONE FARE for the round trip.

Cheap Excursions to the West and Northwest. On March 10 and April 7, 1896, the North-Western Line (Chicago & Northwestern R'y) will sell Home Seekers' excursion tickets at very low rates to a large number of points in Northern Wisconsin, Michigan, Northwestern Iowa, Western Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota, including the famous Black Hills district.

A CLEAR CONSCIENCE.—"Don't some of these old songs haunt you?" "No; I've never murdered any of them."—Chicago Record.

When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches, and other forms of sickness.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago. "Shore Acres" begins the third week, March 2, and continues three weeks longer. Seats can be secured four weeks in advance.

Schiller Theater, Chicago. Monday, March 2nd, A. M. Palmer's original company in "Tribby." Seats secured by mail.

"Which would you rather do, Jarley, kiss a girl on her lips or on her eyes?" "Her eyes, of course. You have to do it twice to cover the ground."—Harper's Bazar.

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

BESS—"If I were in your shoes"—Madge—"Don't talk of impossibilities."—Boston Courier.

BEECHAM'S PILLS for constipation 10c and 25c. Get the book (free) at your druggist's and go by it. Annual sales 6,000,000 boxes.

"You told me you and Harry loved at first sight." "Yes, but we quarrelled on acquaintance."—Truth.

FOR ALLAYING HOARSENESS AND IRRITATION OF THE THROAT, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches." 25c a box. Avoid imitations.

If there is anything in a young man the Rontgen rays should bring it out.—Yonkers Statesman.

THE Grip of Pneumonia may be ward off with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

He travels safe, and not unpleasantly, who is guarded by poverty and guided by love.—Sir Philip Sidney.

I HAVE found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine. F. R. Lutz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

GREAT names debate instead of raising those who know how to use them.—Roche-foucauld.

Spring Medicine

Your blood in Spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, over-eating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

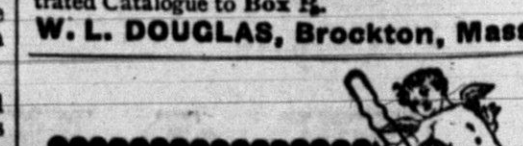
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR W. L. DOUGLAS \$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD. \$3.

If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.50, \$2.25 Shoes; \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 36 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue to Box 12.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



Little Bo Peep (she fixed her sheep So fate could not abuse them—) Stuck Cupid Hair Pins in their tails, And then they couldn't lose them.

It's in the TWIST.

ROBERTSON & DeLONG BROS., Philadelphia, Pa. Makers of the famous DeLong Hook and Eye.

Hosts of people go to work in the wrong way to cure a SPRAIN, when St. Jacobs Oil would cure it in the right way, right off.

ALWAYS A SOMETHING.

There is always a something, whatever your lot.
And oh! how that something annoys!
Though the merest of specks it becomes a big blot.
A pang at the heart of your joys.
What matters the manifold blessings you've got,
If there's one little cloud in the blue?
There's always a something, whatever your lot.
And if it's not one thing—it's two!

If it wasn't for something left in or left out,
Our happiness would be complete:
The lack of one room that we worry about,
Or the dwelling in on the wrong street,
If we only were thin, if we only were stout,
If we had something different to do,
There is always a something left in or left out.
And if it's not one thing—it's two!

There is always a something as certain as fate,
A fly in the ointment we meet:
The rich and the poor and the lowly and great
Find bitter mixed in with the sweet.
For each has an If with his neighbors to make:
And it follows this changing life through:
There is always a something as certain as fate,
And if it's not one thing—it's two!

—Hunter MacCulloch, in Good Housekeeping.

A COLD WAVE.

BY MARTHA S. PILLSBURY.

At two o'clock in the afternoon the thermometer registered 81 degrees of heat in the shadow of our little verandah, where Gene sat fanning herself after putting away lunch.

"Mat, I am glad mother didn't come down to Florida this winter," she said to me through the open window. "I don't believe such hot weather as this, in February, would agree with her, after spending 51 winters in Vermont."

"But it will be necessary for her to come some time if we stay," I replied; "and since father left his property interested here, we are obliged to stay, even if I do not like it."

"Oh, well, I do like it, I suppose," said Gene, reflectively. "But I should like to see just one good old snow-drift and hear sleigh bells jingle once this winter."

"Oh, you are a born northerner, Gene. But for one, I am glad poor father had the resolution to leave that rocky old Vermont farm," said I.

"Ah, but think of the maple sirup we would make up there this spring!" cried Gene.

"But think of the 'cukes,' tomatoes, oranges and pineapples we shall have here," I exclaimed, "not to mention strawberries, eggplants, stringbeans, green peas, mangoes, new potatoes, beets and corn! Thirty acres of them, worth \$4,000! More than we could grub from that old Vermont farm with ten years of hard work!"

"What's that about 'ten years of hard work'?" said Ruel, coming around the corner with a phosphate bucket on his arm, bringing a ghastly odor of it with him. "Yes, it is hard work seeding and weeding such weather as this. My, but 's't it hot, though?" he groaned, throwing himself on the floor of the veranda.

"I cannot work half an hour without feeling weary," he went on. "I suppose it's those Vermont writers thawing out of my blood. But it is great weather to make things grow! I can see those long rows of string-beans breaking ground! Fact, girls! The ground over those bean-heads is hopping all along the rows, like little toads!"

"But talk of work!" Ruel continued. "I shall need four hands to help me within three weeks. When it comes to picking and shipping, you girls will have to pack the tomatoes, cucumbers and eggplants. Won't your fingers have to fly? But there's money in it. It looks as though we could get rich here in ten years."

"But Gene wants maple-sirup," said I, mischievously.

"Oh, well," exclaimed Ruel, "we can send up to Vermont for a couple of gallons—if she must have some."

Florida was a new country to all three of us, for although my father had bought a hundred acres here, and had the cottage built and orange-groves planted seven or eight years before, we young people had not gone south with him, and had now been there but ten weeks. Busy weeks they had been, seeding, "fertilizing" and preparing our first crop of garden vegetables for shipment north.

Our orange and grapefruit trees were not yet bearing, and, in fact, had been nipped hard by the December frost the week before we came; but the weather had been so warm after our arrival that we found it difficult to believe that a really cold night was possible in Florida.

Yet even as we sat there fanning ourselves a negro, known as "Dandy" Green, who works a little "patch" of his own in the pine woods, half a mile beyond our place, came clattering, muleback, along the road that leads to Citrus park. Seeing my brother on the veranda, Dandy pulled up and shouted:

"De's a cole wabe comin'! Look out fer yer cukes!"

Ruel laughed outright. It sounded like a joke.

"Oh, I se a-tellin' you de joke, Cap'n Ruel!" Dandy cried. "She's comin' fer sho'!"

"Bring on your cold wave," Ruel remarked, laughing. "Just come out into the field, girls, and see those bean-heads poke up the dirt!" he continued, swinging to his feet. We all followed him, but had scarcely turned the corner when I felt a cool puff of wind from the northwest.

"Ah, doesn't that feel refreshing?" Gene exclaimed.

"Yes; fetch on the 'cole wabe,'" said Ruel, and he stopped to take a good long breath. We then noticed that the sky in the northwest had turned a dull, dark color.

"Well, that's queer!" Ruel said, looking along the bean-rows. "They've stopped hopping. But don't the rows of whitish-green bean-heads look odd, just coming out of the ground? What would they think of this in old Vermont for the 7th day of February? You must write mother about it, Mat."

While we stood there for less than ten minutes, looking at the beans, the sky darkened so rapidly that the sunshine faded out, and scattered drops of rain fell. Such cool puffs of wind came that quite suddenly Gene turned up the collar of her thin shirt-waist.

"You're not cold!" Ruel said.

"No; but it is really a great deal cooler," she replied.

Gene and I went back to the house, and in ten minutes more we were closing the windows. The wind blew in gusts, and the whole sky had turned dark.

Ruel came in and put on his "sweater," then wheeled out his bicycle.

"I'm going up to the Park Station," he said to us.

The distance is three miles, and he was gone about 40 minutes, I should think; but before he came back, Gene and I had kindled a fire and put on our wool dresses.

"Did you ever see such a wind?" Ruel exclaimed, as he opened the door on the west veranda. "Here, Gene, come shut this door when I take in my wheel, or you will be blown out of the room. A cutting cold wind, too. I could hardly keep warm riding."

"And do you know what the operator at the station says, girls?" he added. "He says there's a norther coming, and I begin to believe it. Have you looked at the thermometer?"

We had not, but we found on inspection that the temperature had dropped to 54 degrees, a full 27 degrees in two hours.

"Well, thank fortune, it is still 22 degrees above the freezing point!" Ruel replied, coming to the fire. "I don't believe it will drop low enough to freeze the crops. It's because we wear thin clothes and the early part of the day was so hot, that we shiver so."

The wind increased toward night, and so did the cold. Gene and I bettered ourselves to prepare a warm supper. Ruel was out of doors stopping the windmill, which had pumped the tank full of water and was flooding the back yard. He looked blue and cold when at last he came in.

"No oranges or grape fruits for me to-night! Fry some bacon, girls, and let's have some nice hot, baked potatoes," said he.

While we were cooking he went out into the field to secure three or four fertilizer barrels that the wind was rolling about. It grew dark by six o'clock—an inky kind of darkness. One could not see objects two yards distant from the veranda steps, and the searching wind blew out the two hanging lanterns which we usually kept burning near the door.

"Forty-six degrees!" Ruel announced when he came in. "Girls, I'm frightened! You don't suppose everything is going to freeze, do you? Think what that'll be to us! Why, our all is in it!"

For the first time real anxiety was felt by us, and the hot supper failed to cheer us, for frost would destroy nearly everything we possessed. In Vermont we had sometimes lost a few green plants in the spring or in the fall, but had never known any real anxiety from the cold weather. Here we had 32 acres of tender, green vegetables which had just broken the ground under a temperature of 80 degrees; and now the mercury was sinking deep into the forties, and what felt like a wintry hurricane was raging.

Ruel pushed back his plate, and went to the blackening window. "This will be a tough night for cucumbers!" he muttered. "Who would have believed it?"

Few Florida houses are built to withstand wild weather. Draughts wandered in and played cross about our sitting-room. Cold puffs of piercing air drove us close to the little fireplace, the heat from which appeared wholly lost. The house creaked; the lamp flared and smoked at each rush of the storm. Ruel was obliged to fetch the thermometer close up outside the window to read it. Once an hour he dashed out to see how it stood. At eight o'clock it indicated 41 degrees, and at nine 38.

"Thirty-eight, and still dropping!" said he. "We are in for it. Florida will freeze out to-night, sure."

I can scarcely describe the sense of loss and despair which fell on us when it became certain that all our acres of garden crops would be destroyed. We hovered over our fire, and felt too despondent for speech.

"Thirty-six degrees!" Ruel announced to us grimly at ten o'clock, and at eleven 34 degrees; and at midnight when he

came in and pushed the door to, he said: "A low 32 degrees, girls; the cucumbers are catching it now! You may as well go to bed. The mischief is probably done."

The wind drove the cold into the room. There was an icy chill in the air such as we had never felt in the north.

"The water-pipes, Ruel!" said Gene. "Will they not all freeze up and burst?"

"So they will!" he cried. "I never thought of them. Open all the faucets. We will let the tank run dry. The low bends of the pipes that the water will not run out of must be wrapped with towels."

From twelve to one o'clock we were busy looking to the pipes. A whole basketful of wraps was got ready. At two o'clock the mercury had fallen to 28 degrees.

We were too greatly disturbed and excited to feel sleepy, but to humor Ruel, who, boy-like, wished always to take command, Gene and I consented to go to bed.

The windows of our sleeping-room rattled and shook, and the wind fairly blew one's hair about on the pillows. We put all our blankets on the bed, and then threw on our wraps; and even our dresses!

At last we fell asleep, and when I awoke it was broad daylight. The wind still rattled the windows, but the sun shone dimly. It lasted 20 minutes of seven.

There was ice in the wash-bowl. Gene crept out shivering and tried to break it. Ruel, like a good fellow, came to the door and set a pitcher of hot water where we could get it.

"Guess how cold it is," he called.

"Forty degrees below zero," cried Gene.

"Twenty-five degrees," said I.

"Twenty," said Gene.

"Seventeen," replied Ruel.

"But the poor cucumbers and beans?" I cried.

"All frozen solid," said Ruel.

"I suppose we are ruined, Mat," Gene said, dolefully, as she poured hot water into the bowl.

"I suppose so," said I.

As Ruel had sat up all night nursing the water pipes, he had a good fire in the kitchen stove. Gene and I got breakfast. We were very glum and scarcely spoke. Out in the field the bean-heads had fairly gone from sight, but while we were at table our next neighbor came to the door. He was Dr. Isaac Felt, a Pennsylvanian, who had been in Florida five years.

He cheered us up and advised us to plan again and gave us what seed we needed. So the next morning we began our second planting. It will be difficult for some readers to believe that at one o'clock that day the thermometer stood at 30 degrees in the sun.

For a week we worked 15 hours a day, and seeded our entire 32 acres again; and as I write this February 22, 1895, I cannot see but that our crops look as well as before the frost.

Nevertheless, our young orange trees are probably dead. In place of them we now intend to put out the hardier Satsuma orange and a grove of pecan-nut trees.—Youth's Companion.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

A Serious Joke.
A mystery has just been cleared up at Holland, which shows that there are some people in that town who ought to make an appointment with the fool-killer. Some time ago a young man died under suspicious circumstances, and it has just turned out that some of his companions had told him, jokingly (?), while he was ill of malaria, that if he took a small dose of roug', on rats he would never be troubled similarly again. Of course he won't be, but the alleged jokers have until a few days ago been afraid to tell their part in the matter.

Officials Go to Prison.
As the result of the trial in the Nestor township fraudulent order case, in which Alexander Robinson, N. T. McDonald and Rufus C. Huntley, ex-officers of the township, were charged with conspiracy in issuing bogus orders to the amount of \$50,000, a verdict of guilty was rendered. Huntley and Robinson were sentenced to Ionia for two years and McDonald gets 15 months at the same place. Nearly every business house in Roscommon county was caught by the work of these three men.

Drew Lots and Lost.
Edward Jordan, of Mottsville, was sentenced to serve a term of four years at hard labor in the Jackson penitentiary. Jordan, on his release, returned to his home, where he expected to be affectionately greeted by his wife, but he found her pledged to another claimant for her affections. The sequel of the meeting was a proposition by Jordan to draw lots as to which one should claim his wife. This was done, but Jordan lost, and faithfully kept the unique compact.

Health in Michigan.
During the week ended February 29 reports sent in by 53 observers in various portions of the state indicated that typhoid fever and erysipelas increased and intertrent fever and scarlet fever decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 254 places, typhoid fever at 27, diphtheria at 21, scarlet fever at 35, measles at 18, whooping cough at 10 and small-pox at Detroit, Saginaw, Riga township, Inlay township and Ionia.

Sues for His Ninth Divorce.
Alexander Rhimes, of Niles, has made application in an Indiana court for his ninth divorce. Not many months ago he got his eighth divorce in the Berrien county court, and was soon afterward married to Miss Stella Bloomhagen, a Michigan country girl. Rhimes, who is now 75 years old, began his matrimonial career March 24, 1876, when he was married to a Detroit young lady after a week's courtship.

Foresters Elect Officers.
The Michigan High Court of Foresters in session at Lansing elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Chief ranger, Lee E. Joslyn, Bay City; vice ranger, M. McCallaghan, Reed City; secretary, John Chambers, Port Huron; treasurer, O. A. Taggett, Calro; physician, O. H. Moon, Howell; organizer, A. A. Weeks, Grand Rapids; counselor, J. L. Starkweather, Romeo.

Not a General Election.
The supreme court of Michigan has decided that the coming spring election is not general within the meaning of the constitution and that elections to fill vacancies in judicial offices cannot be held at that time, but must be deferred until November.

Brief News Items.
Albert H. Towle, of Grand Rapids, headed a party of speculators numbering about 20 men who started for Alaska in search of gold.
The Detroit white lead works at Detroit were partially destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$75,000; insured for \$64,000.
Simon Hartman, tramping to Saginaw, was run down and instantly killed by a Michigan Central passenger train.
There are six brothers residing near Sonoma whose combined weight is over a ton. Their two sisters are below the usual size and weight.
P. O. Nelson, of Stephenson, was killed by a falling limb while in the woods.
Walter K. Hough, of Lapeer, who was placed in the insane asylum at Flint, escaped from his attendant and cut his throat with an ink eraser.
A St. Louis druggist has a show window containing nothing but poisons. There are paris green, arsenic, morphine, laudanum, face powder, boxes of cigarettes, decks of cards and a bottle or two of whisky.
The returns show that Osceola county went "dry" by about 50 majority at the recent local option election.
The masonic fraternity at Concord will dedicate a new hall March 24.
Richard Little, who was injured in the mines at Houghton, last week, has died at a hospital.
John Downing, a truckman and an old resident of Detroit, was ejected from the entrance to the Detroit club and fell down the steps and was killed.
Fred J. Keyes, the alleged absconding treasurer of Kalamazoo lodge of odd fellows, No. 270, who left there in January, was arrested at Sedalia, Mo.
Mrs. Annie Moffnet, once a wealthy and well-known society woman of Detroit, died in Kansas City, Mo., in poverty. She lost the bulk of her fortune in bad investments.

RUDINI AT THE HEAD.

He Is to Be Premier of the New Italian Cabinet.
Rome, March 9.—There was much difficulty found in the task of forming a new ministry. Sig. Saracco declined the responsibility, while an attempt to form a Saracco-Rudini combination equally failed. King Humbert conferred with Gen. Ricotti at seven o'clock Sunday evening and charged him with the formation of a cabinet. Gen. Ricotti yielded the premiership to Marquis di Rudini and himself assumed the portfolio of war. The cabinet as formed will be:
Marquis di Rudini, premier and minister of the interior.
Gen. Ricotti, minister of war.
Sig. Brin, minister of foreign affairs.
Senor Ferrasi, minister of the treasury.
Admiral Taecnia, minister of marine.
Sig. Guicciardini, minister of finance.
Sig. Granturio, minister of justice.

Rome, March 9.—The situation is going from bad to worse. Signor Rudini's efforts to form a cabinet have failed completely. The king, encouraged by the ambassadors of Germany, Austria and England, will persist in having the war carried on. The visit paid Friday by Emperor William to Sir Frank Lascelles, English ambassador to Germany, had reference to the moral support to be accorded to Italy by the three cabinets. Signor Rudini insisted that the expeditionary force should be reduced and declared to the king that to carry the war through to a successful conclusion would cost 100,000,000 lire. The revolutionary agitation against the monarchy is increasing.

The calling out of the reserves of 1872 has revealed the fact that numbers of them are not at all anxious to serve their country under arms. Many of them are exiling themselves to escape such service. Three hundred of the reserves of this class are reported to have arrived in the Tyrol, their object being to evade the call.

A large number of Italians are reported to have crossed the frontier from Italy into France with the object of escaping service.

The Women's Moral and Intellectual society of Milan, has issued a manifesto calling on Italian mothers throughout the country to prevent their sons from leaving for Abyssinia. Similar appeals have been issued in Pavia and Turin.

At Naples, whence the transports are waiting to receive reinforcements for the African army, the people are greatly excited and seem determined to oppose the embarking of the troops.

According to advices received from Massowah it is estimated that the Italians at Adowa lost about 1,000,000 cartridges, 5,000 rounds of ammunition for the artillery, 10,000 rifles and the money chest. Several millions, however, were saved. It is now asserted that the Abyssinians and their allies numbered 100,000, while the Italian generals had barely 15,000 under their command. The Tribuna states that the Shoans have made no advances since the battle, and it is believed that Gen. Baldisera will be able to provide for the safety of Kassala and Adigrat.

The war office has not yet made public its estimate of the number killed, wounded and missing of the army defeated at Adowa, but the general opinion is that the number killed is about 5,000. There are no means of ascertaining the number of men captured by the Shoans. It is now admitted Gen. Dabormida was killed, but the fate of Gen. Albertone has not yet been definitely ascertained. Gen. Arimondi and Col. Galliouo, with about 300 Italian soldiers, are reported to be among the prisoners in the hands of the Shoans.

THE NEW FLAG.

How the Forty-Five Stars Are to Be Arranged.
Washington, March 9.—With the approval of the president, publicity has been given to the design agreed on between Secretary Lamont and Secretary Herbert for the arrangement of the 45 stars in the national flag made necessary by the admission of Utah to statehood. The new arrangement will be officially inaugurated in the army and the navy on July 4 next. The design agreed upon by Secretaries Lamont and Herbert arranges the stars in six rows, the first, third and fifth of eight stars each and the second, fourth and sixth of seven stars each. No new arrangement will be necessary through the admission of new states, as additional stars can be added to the second, fourth and sixth rows without disturbing the uniformity of the design.

A NAVAL HERO GONE.

Rear Admiral Walke Passes Away at Brooklyn.
Brooklyn, N. Y., March 9.—Rear Admiral Henry Walke United States navy, died Saturday afternoon at his home in this city. He had been suffering since Tuesday last with a severe attack of the grip, but the immediate cause of death was heart failure.

[He was born on a plantation on the Lynnhaven river, Va., 85 years ago. During the war of the rebellion he commanded the gunboats Taylor and Lexington, and protected Gen. Grant's army while it was making its retreat on the transports. He was also at the battle of Fort Henry in charge of the gunboat Carondelet. Not one of the men aboard met with any accident. For this piece of work the commander was honorably mentioned. In 1862, for his bravery, he was made a captain; in 1866 made a commodore and rear admiral in 1870. One year later he retired. He leaves a widow, three sons and two daughters.]

We've Made Hosts Of Friends Through Our Coffee.

People hear of its rare flavor and strength. They get some, "just to try," and find it's

So Much Finer

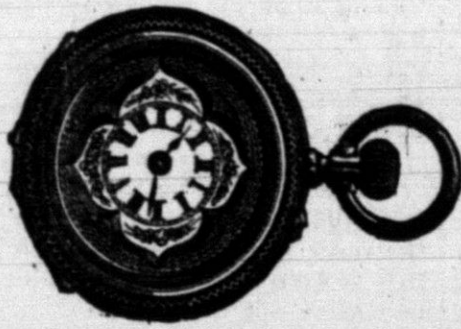
Than any other they've ever used. Then they think if our coffee is so good, everything else ought to be in keeping with it.

That's true also, and we get their entire trade in our line.

Suppose you try a pound, but 28 cents.

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READY ON TIME



Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

200,000 WEAK MEN CURED!

STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY!

ARE YOU? Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; restless; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; hair loose; ulcers; sore throat; varicocele; deposit in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength—**WE CAN CURE YOU!**

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRs. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN, JOHN A. MANLIN, CHAS. POWERS, CHAS. POWERS.



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VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED

specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.—CONFIDENTIAL.

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a 'gay life' and exposure to blood diseases completed the wreck. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blindness on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN DETROIT. 200,000 CURED. NO RISK.

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For All Kinds Plain and Fancy

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Chelsea and Vicinity.

Geo. P. Glazier was an Ann Arbor visitor Monday.

W. J. Knapp has had the interior of his hardware store redecored.

M. J. Lehman, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor last Monday.

J. A. Eisenman, of Owosso, is spending the week here with his family.

Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Twitchell spent a few days in Vickeryville last week.

Samuel Heschelwerdt left last Monday for Findley and other points in Ohio.

Messrs. W. Kempf and W. Van Ripper spent a few days in Saginaw last week.

Mr. Michael Wade is very ill at the residence of his son, Mr. John Wade, of Lima.

Miss Mabel Gillam is the guest of her brother, William Gillam, of the Chelsea House.

Miss Edith Noyes left Saturday night for a visit to New York city and Brooklyn.

The cannon and shot for the soldiers' lot in Oak Grove cemetery arrived Wednesday.

The next meeting of the Washtenaw County Teachers' Association will be held in this village.

Geo. Webster has been making numerous improvements about his merchant tailoring establishment.

Arl Guerin is the boss fisherman so far this winter. He brought in a 12-pound pickerel last Tuesday.

Remember the meeting in the basement of the town hall Saturday night. All Pingree men should attend.

Miss Nellie C. Maroney has opened millinery parlors over H. S. Holmes' store. See "ad" on first page.

The regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be held on the afternoon of March 13 at 2:30 o'clock. R. M. Wilkinson, Sec.

A. R. Congdon went to Dexter last Tuesday, where he has secured a position in the hardware store of James & Francisco.

Miss Emma Neebling, of Manchester, spent several days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Michael Staffan, of South Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wirkner, who have been visiting relatives in East Liverpool, Ohio, for the past two months, have returned.

Mrs. J. H. Osborne, who has been spending the past two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes, returned to her home Monday morning.

A class for the study of Bible history was organized in St. Mary's church last Sunday. Only those who have made their First Communion are eligible.

The M. E. Church Society will hold their annual free seat offering at the town hall Friday evening, March 20, 1896. Chicken pie and other good things will be served for supper.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Smith, of Lake Odessa, who have been visiting Mr. Smith's sister, Mrs. James Snow, and other friends the past two weeks, returned home Tuesday morning.

Died, at the home of her son in this village, March 10, 1896, Mrs. M. W. De Diemar, aged 82 years. The funeral will be held from the house, Friday, and the remains taken to Jackson for interment.

Last Monday evening Marshal Pierce received information that a number of boys had a couple of dummies all ready and were bent on hanging somebody in effigy. He hustled around and nipped the plot in the bud.

First Communion will be administered in St. Mary's church on Sunday, April 19, 1896. The class is now under instruction. The Rt. Rev. Bishop Foley will administer the Sacrament of Confirmation in St. Mary's church, Chelsea, on Tuesday, April 21, 1896, at 10 a. m.

The splendid drama 'The Flowing Bowl' will be presented for the first time at the Opera House, Chelsea, on the evening of St. Patrick's Day, March 17, 1896. The Chelsea and Columbia Dramatic Clubs have the affair in hand, and this insures a creditable presentation of this beautiful and humorous play. The comedy in it is delightful. The cast of characters includes Mr. Charles Miller, a well-known professional; Messrs. Jacob Hummel, Louis Burg, Ralph and Orrin Thatcher, Thomas Speers, Ignatius Howe, and the Misses Kathrine Staffan, Lovina Conaty and Cecelia Euster. A capable orchestra will render popular, patriotic and delightful music during the interludes. The tickets are 25 and 15 cents, and reserved seats may be secured without extra charge at Mr. John W. Beissel's store. This is one of the best plays ever attempted by amateurs in Chelsea, and we can promise all who attend a most enjoyable time. All our citizens are cordially invited.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, March 4, 1896.

Board met in council room.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Trustees Present—Schenk, Glazier, Pierce and Foster.

Trustees Absent—Riemenschneider and Mensing.

Treasurer's report.

Cash on hand Feb 1.....\$640 77

Cash received in February..... 2 78

Orders paid in February..... 408 05

Balance on hand March 4 235 45

Moved and supported that the Treasurer's report be accepted and placed on file.

Ayes—Schenk, Glazier, Pierce and Foster.

Nays—None.

The following bills were presented:

Chelsea Electric Light Co., for lighting during February..... 140 00

C. S. Fenn, cleaning engines and watching fire at Swartbout's.... 3 50

Fred Thomlinson, cleaning engines 3 00

J. W. Beissel, salary for Treasurer. 15 00

Fred Roedel, clerk, salary and stationery 42 17

John Girschach, recharging and cleaning engines 2 50

A. C. Pierce, salary for month of February..... 45 00

Ed Chandler, salary for month of February..... 5 00

Moved and supported that the above bills be allowed.

Ayes—Schenk, Glazier, Pierce and Foster.

Nays—None.

The Finance Committee of the Board of Trustees of the village of Chelsea beg leave to submit the following summary report of the business of the Treasury for the fiscal year ending March 3, 1896:

Indebtedness of the village at the beginning of the official duties of the present Board of Trustees, being orders made by the former board of 1894-5, outstanding and unpaid March 18th, 1895.....\$ 795 62

Which have all been paid this year, leaving the amount now on hand in the Treasury, with no orders unpaid, of..... 235 45

Showing a favorable change to the village of..... 1,031 07

Notwithstanding "the extravagance of the Board," in the expressions of a few of our citizens.

GEO. P. GLAZIER, Chairman.

W. P. SCHENK.

Finance Com.

Moved and supported that the Finance Committee's report be accepted and placed on file.

Ayes—Schenk, Glazier, Pierce and Foster.

Nays—None.

On motion the Board adjourned.

G. W. BECKWITH, President.

FRED W. ROEDEL, Clerk.

A Matter of Opinion.

A gentleman was greatly surprised and pleased the other day at the reply a lady gave to the question: "Do you plant Vick's seeds?" Her answer was: "I always plant Vick's seeds in the front yard, but we get cheap seeds in the back yard, which I know is a mistake."

It pays to plant good seeds, and we advise our friends who are thinking of doing anything in this line to send 10 cents for Vick's Floral Guide for 1896. This amount may be deducted from the first order. James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., are the pioneers in this line.

Teachers' Examinations.

The examination of teachers of Washtenaw county for the ensuing year will be held as follows:

Regular examinations for all grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of August 1895, and the last Thursday of March, 1896.

Regular examination for second and third grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of October, 1895, and the third Thursday of June, 1896.

Special examination for third grade, at Manchester, the third Friday of September, 1895. WM. W. WEDEMEYER, Commissioner of Schools.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

THIS WEEK AT FREEMAN'S

Highland Budded Navel Oranges,
All plump, juicy, tender and sweet fruit.
Valencia oranges, sweet and juicy. 20c per dozen,
Large yellow bananas, giant figs, and a superb stock of fancy kiln dried

Jersey Sweet Potatoes.

Canned Goods.
For strictly high grade, first-class canned goods we are the acknowledged headquarters. When in want of something good, consumers come to us because they know that we have the goods. Try some of these: Grated sugar corn, cream succotash, stringless beans, early June peas, cold pack tomatoes, and in fact everything in the line of canned vegetables.
Capacity to satisfy is our strength. Our aim is to satisfy those who patronize us.

FREEMAN'S.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN
DENTIST,
Office Over Glazier's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

G. W. Palmer,
PHYSICIAN
AND
SURGEON.
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Physician & Surgeon.
SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

R. McCOLGAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic in diseases of eye, ear and throat.
Office and residence corner Main and Park streets, Chelsea.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

WM. S. HAMILTON,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Supplies Conditioning Powders for animals debilitated by disease or overwork. Special attention given to Lameness and Horse Dentistry. Mouths examined free. Office and Residence on Park Street across from Methodist church, Chelsea, Mich.

N. E. FREER,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public.
All legal business given prompt attention.
Office in the Turnbull & Wilkinson Building, Chelsea, Mich.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Clothing Department.

New Neckwear This Week.

Our line as good as you find in any city. Styles and prices right.

OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.

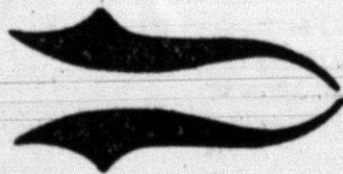
All the New Styles in Hats and Caps for Spring.

As a Leader in Hosiery Department, we offer 4 pair men's 1-2 hose 25 cents.

Misses' Caps, 50c value, for 25c.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

DO YOU KNOW



That Bread is the Staff of Life?

Knowing it to be such, you must always be sure and get your bread at Neckel's, where you will find a large stock of fresh bread and cakes and candies.

We are also prepared to furnish parties and socials with first-class ice cream, in any quantity, on short notice.

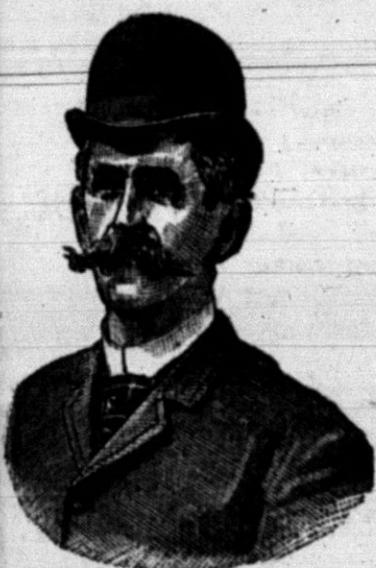
NECKEL BROS

GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's Auctioneer.

Headquarters at HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnished Free.



GROFF'S Rheumatic Cure

Is the only positive Cure known to the Medical Profession for the Cure of Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Ovarian Neuralgia, Dismenorrhoea, Psoriasis, Scrofula, Liver and Kidney Diseases. A positive Cure effected in from 6 to 18 days.

For sale by all Druggists.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Bert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

TAKE THE BEST CURE THAT COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE

SOLD BY R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Car's Clover Root, the great Blood purifier gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures Constipation, and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong

Here and There.

Grass Lake wants electric lights. The Ypsilanti Commercial is 32 years old. John Bagge, of Detroit, was in town Wednesday. J. W. Beissel has had the interior of his store repainted. Dennis Leech has rented John Bayer's farm in Waterloo township. Geo. W. Turnbull was in Ann Arbor last Monday on legal business. L. Tichenor and James Ackerson were Detroit visitors last Thursday. Mrs. Anna Moran has opened a dress-making shop in the rooms over H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.'s store. At the charter election in Dexter last Monday the entire Citizens' ticket, favorable to electric lights and other improvements, was elected.

About the 15th of next month John Farrell will open a first-class grocery store in the building formerly occupied by R. A. Snyder. He will also keep tinware, notions, etc.

Department of Michigan Grand Army of the Republic annual state encampment, Saginaw, Mich., March 31 to April 2, 1896. One and one-third first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, March 30 and 31, 1896. Good to return April 3. Fare from Chelsea and return \$4.75.

Mrs. Garriet Yereance, one of the oldest pioneers of Lima, Washtenaw county, died Tuesday, March 10th, 1896, aged 78 years.

From the troubled path of sorrow that thy feet so long have trod, Thou hast found eternal rest in the bosom of thy God.

Dayton, the Waterloo burglar, who was arrested here recently by Officers Pierce and Girbach, confessed his crime, waived examination in Justice Worth's court, Jackson, and was bound over to the circuit court of Jackson for trial. Bail was fixed at \$500, which he could not furnish, and he returned to jail.

The time for holding township elections is near at hand. Every voter who believes in electing men qualified to hold the different offices should attend the caucuses and assist in nominating the right men for the right places. It is not an act of good citizenship to wait until after election day and then find fault with the successful candidates.

Attorney-General Maynard has decided that the anti-fusion law passed by the last legislature applies to villages, townships and city elections as well as to state elections. This means that no candidate can have his name on more than one ticket. He also says that the act of 1893 providing that women may vote in all school, village and city elections, has been declared unconstitutional by the supreme court.

The onion sociable is the latest innovation in sociables. It is played as follows: The young ladies stand in a row; one of them bites a piece out of an onion and the men pay 10 cents for the privilege of guessing who the biter is. The successful guesser kisses the other girls, and those who are unsuccessful kiss the girl who bit the onion. The game is said to be a catchy one and is not without its strong features.

The town hall had a close call last Monday night. On entering the hall about 12 o'clock Marshal Pierce found it filled with smoke, and upon investigation found that the cold air flue, which is of pine, was on fire. He secured a couple of pails of water in the basement and soon had the fire extinguished. Monday being election day, the floor was covered with sawdust, which sifted down the register, and it is supposed the fire caught from a lighted cigar stump.

The effort to keep up appearances and to maintain a style of living that cannot be rightly afforded is probably the cause of more bankruptcies, more frauds, embezzlements, forgeries and general financial ruin than anything else. Many people who, sooner than forfeit their honesty, would willingly sacrifice their own comfort and endure hardships will yet palter and hesitate when called upon to resign for honor's sake their fancied respectability. To give up luxury or ease would be a comparatively easy matter, but to give up the good opinion of the world, or rather of that little fragment of it to which they have adhered, is so terrible to their imagination that the meanest subtleties and even immoralities seem preferable. Truth, virtue, self-respect and integrity are all outweighed by the fear of not being respectable. Even life itself is sometimes thrown away from the same terror. The ruined man who could have endured hardship and have toiled unremittently to amend his fortunes cannot brave the supercilious glances of scorn and contempt from those who once flattered and looked up to him, and he seeks a cowardly refuge in death itself.

Michigan Crop Report.

The weather during February was favorable for wheat. The snow was in sufficient quantity throughout the month to afford the plant fair protection. In answer to the question, "Has wheat during February suffered injury from any cause?" 131 correspondents in the southern counties answer "yes," and 368 "no." 64 in the central counties answer "yes," and 116 "no," and 9 in the northern counties answer "yes," and 89 "no." The average depth of snow on the 15th of the month was more than four inches in the southern and central counties, and more than ten inches in the northern counties. Near the close of the month a thaw occurred that reduced the snow to little more than a trace in the former two sections, and from that date to the present the ground has been bare. In the northern counties the average depth at the end of the month was nearly five inches.

The mean temperature of the month was 24.9 degrees in the southern counties, and 24.0 degrees in the central, an excess in the former section of 0.7 degrees and in the latter 2.9 degrees. The average precipitation during the month was 1.45 inches in the southern counties and 1.07 inches in the central. Compared with the normal there was an average deficiency of 0.86 inches in each section.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in February is 713,292. Of this amount 234,132 bushels were marketed in the first or southern tier of counties; 134,817 bushels in the second tier; 107,011 bushels in the third tier; 129,795 bushels in the fourth tier; 100,911 bushels in the fifth and sixth tiers, and 6,826 bushels in the northern counties. At 24 elevators and mills from which reports have been received, there was no wheat marketed during the month.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in the seven months, August-February, is 6,707,118, which is 1,299,500 bushels less than reported marketed in the same months last year.

Live stock is in good condition. Considering the short hay crop, stock is wintering remarkably well.

Notice of Dissolution of Co-partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the firm heretofore existing under the style of F. P. Glazier & Co., in drugs, groceries, etc., etc., at Chelsea, Mich., is this day dissolved, Frank P. Glazier having sold to his partner, Saxe C. Stimson, his entire interest in said business, who assumes and will pay any outstanding indebtedness of said firm on presentation. F. P. Glazier retires from the business for the reason that his store business demands all his time. The name of "Glazier" has been prominently associated with the drug and grocery business in Chelsea for the past twenty-eight years, previous to which time the fathers of the undersigned did a very successful drug business for several years under the firm name and style of Glazier & Stimson. Saxe C. Stimson will therefore adopt that old and honored firm name for the conducting of the above business hereafter.

February 27, 1896.
FRANK P. GLAZIER,
SAXE C. STIMSON.

Washington's Farming Operations.

Washington inherited Mount Vernon in 1759 from his half brother, Lawrence Washington, who died in 1757. This brother had a daughter Sarah, who was heiress to the estate, but she died two years later, and the property then reverted to George, who was then just 27 years old. The estate then comprised less than 3,000 acres, but soon after he came into possession he added 5,500 acres by purchase, which gave him ten miles of river front. Then began the system of improvements and cultivation which subsequently made Mount Vernon the most valuable landed property in Virginia. He drained the land wherever needed, he rotated crops, got the best farm implements then in existence, built and repaired fences, had his grist mill, his own distillery, had his own smithy for repairing tools, his own carpenter shop, looms, and he built scores of houses and cabins for his slaves. His five farms ranged from 1,000 to 2,000 acres each, and each farm had its overseer and its allotment of negroes and stock.

Bucklen's Arnica Salvo.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chloasma, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Blue paint applied to oil barrels has proved the best pigment to prevent leakage. This is the reason why nearly all oil barrels are painted blue.

J. W. Beissel

Offers this week new goods in the line of

Canned Fish,
Canned Fruits,
Canned Vegetables.

Instead of buying in large quantities and as a result have a lot of old shelf-worn goods on hand, we buy in small quantities and always have fresh goods to offer you.

Fresh new canned peas, corn, succotash, beans, etc.; in fact a complete line of strictly fresh goods in this line.

Canned Fish.

A complete assortment of canned fish, including:

- Sardines in oil.
- Sardines in mustard.
- Sardines in tomato sauce.
- Sardines in English spice.
- Salmon in size can you wish.

Try those salmon cutlets; they are immense.

When you want canned fish remember we keep the assortment.

When you want fresh, clean, palatable goods of extra quality, always in nice clean shape, go to

J. W. Beissel.

P. S.—Wanted at once, 5,000 dozen eggs.

F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896: Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 24; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

Carriage Painting and Upholstering.

We have opened a shop over Stefan's carriage emporium, just north of Chelsea House, and are prepared to do all kinds of carriage and cutter painting and upholstery. If you have any furniture that needs upholstery bring it to us. Prices right.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

Ladies

If your dealer hasn't it, send \$1.25 to us

WE WILL SEND YOU POSTPAID

The "Gresco"

It cannot break at the Side or Waist Color: DRAB or WHITE

LONG, SHORT and MEDIUM LENGTH

THE MICHIGAN CORSET CO., JACKSON, MICH.



For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American. Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of James Cunningham, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of D. B. Taylor, Esq., in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 8th day of May and on the 8th day of August next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, Feb. 28, 1896. CHARLES E. WHITAKER, EDWARD GORMAN, Commissioners.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms Babcock building, N Main St. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich. Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage. GEO. EDER, Prop.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author...

THE mica mining business at North Groton, N. H., is the duller ever known since it was established.

THE czar has emmeshed his cousin, the Grand Duke Michaelovitch, who is now in France.

To have saved over one thousand lives is a somewhat unique experience. This record belongs to Capt. Weiss.

THE widow of Alexander Campbell, founder of the Christian or Campbellite faith, is living, at the age of 94, in Bethany, W. Va.

THE prince of Wales has been much depressed since Henry of Battenberg's death. It seems that Albert Edward and Henry had their fortunes told by a gypsy some years ago.

WILLIAM KONRAD ROENTGEN, whose name has been mentioned so often recently in connection with the discovery of the X ray, is still a young man.

THE little king of Spain, according to a flating paragraph, had for his lesson the other day the mottoes of the different European countries.

PRINCIPAL FAIRBAIRN, in one of his Chautauqua lectures, drew this distinction between sincerity and honesty.

THE boundary line between Canada and the United States is marked with posts at mile intervals for a great part of its length.

It is said that since ex-President Harrison began to contribute articles to a prominent periodical he has received a number of flattering offers from magazines in this country and England.

MISS SHIPPEE, of Chicago, has made a study of entertaining children, and is now making her gift of some account.

COLLIS P. HUNTINGTON, the Pacific railway millionaire, is 75 years old, but very rugged and vigorous.

CRISIS IN ITALY.

Defeat of Army in Abyssinia Arouses the Populace.

Great Excitement Prevails Throughout the Peninsula—Crispi and Cabinet Resign—Mob Prevents Departure of Troops.

Rome, March 5.—The kingdom of Italy is in a condition of excitement, grief and anger almost beyond description.

Rome, March 6.—Long before the hour of opening the chamber of deputies, enormous crowds of people thronged the vicinity and practically surrounded the building.

Rome, March 6.—Long before the hour of opening the chamber of deputies, enormous crowds of people thronged the vicinity and practically surrounded the building.

The sitting of the chamber was of the wildest character, the uproar beginning as soon as the chamber was called to order.



PREMIER CRISPI.

announced the resignation of the cabinet, which announcement was received with prolonged and passionate applause.

In announcing the resignations of the ministry in the chamber of deputies, Signor Crispi stated that the resignations had been accepted by King Humbert.

The sitting of the chamber ended in great disorder. Meanwhile the crowds outside were shouting, cheering, cursing, hissing, howling and groaning.

Thursday night the demonstrations against Signor Crispi became more energetic, and the outlook was very threatening.

Later a crowd marched to the residence of Signor Crispi and made a demonstration before it.

The disturbance caused by the news of the great disaster and the consequent display of indignation against the government has been greatly increased by the calling out of the army reserves of the class of 1872, which calls 80,000 additional men into active service.

The great majority of these reservists are married men whose families will be deprived of their chief or only support for an indefinite period.

Thus at Milan and other places serious rioting has occurred when the reservists prepared to obey orders and in many cases they have been prevented by force from leaving their towns.

and night has been turned into day by torchlight processions, indignation meetings, riotous demonstrations in public squares and in front of many of the government buildings.

More Riotous Demonstrations. Rome, March 7.—There was a renewal Friday night of the riotous demonstrations here against the government.

At Pavia a mob tore up the railway, preventing the departure of trains. They also cut a number of telegraph wires.

The greatest excitement prevails everywhere, and reports of disorders come in from all directions.

A mob at Milan marched to the railway station Thursday evening and smashed the windows of that building, which they took possession of, in order to prevent the departure of troops.

The troops finally made an assault upon the building and drove the students out. After the stations had been cleared the disturbances were renewed in the streets and kept up until two o'clock in the morning.

The prefect of Milan Friday morning issued a proclamation forbidding the people to gather in crowds, or to march in procession.

VENEZUELAN BLUE BOOK.

Is Composed of Documents and Correspondence on Disputed Boundary.

London, March 7.—The expected Venezuelan blue book, which is entitled "Documents and Correspondence Relating to the Question of the Boundary of Guiana and Venezuela," was issued by the government Friday night.

The above examination shows that the main grounds upon which the claim of Venezuela is supposed to be based, so far as it has been presented to Great Britain at different times during the last 50 years, have been as follows:

First—The original discovery and the first exploration of the South American continent by Spain, which are clearly irrelevant.

Second—The bull of Pope Alexander VI, which cannot be considered as having any real bearing upon the question.

Third—The allegation that the occupation of Guiana by the Dutch was a violation of the treaty of Munster.

Fourth—Possession and occupation by the Spaniards of the territory south of the Orinoco, including the rivers of Barima, Morococo and Pomeroc.

It has been shown that the only Spanish settlements there at any time were San Thome de Guyana, which was situated on the south bank of the Orinoco, and higher up the river, as it was destroyed by the British and Dutch successively, and the Capuchin settlements, situated between the Orinoco and the Tumerimo, as has been previously described.

Fifth—That the Dutch had never had any possessions north of the Essequibo.

This statement has been shown to be equally erroneous, as perusal of the whole diplomatic correspondence will show that the British government, while insisting that the just claims of Great Britain would entitle her to a boundary practically embracing the whole water shed of the Essequibo, the Cuyuni, the Yuruari, the Pomeroc, the Waini and the Barima, has been willing to agree to a boundary within those limits, which would give Venezuela far more territory than that to which she can show any title.

Not Kittson's Wife. St. Paul, Minn., March 4.—Judge Egan, of the St. Paul district court, has rendered a decision involving over \$1,200,000.

Death of Freeman R. Stewart. Oshkosh, Wis., March 7.—Freeman R. Stewart, one of the men who met at Ripon, Wis., and formed the republican party, died Friday, aged 74 years.

EXTREME MEASURES.

The City of Valencia, Spain, Placed Under Martial Law.

Anti-American Riots the Cause—Senior de Lome Says Spain's Provocation is Great—Princess Eulalia Pleads for Peace.

Madrid, March 9.—The action of the mob element in Valencia became so threatening Sunday that martial law was proclaimed in that city.

The crowd answered with several revolver shots, one of the gendarmes being seriously wounded in the chest. He has since died.

The governor of the province then proclaimed martial law, and any further rioting will be dealt with sternly by the military power.

New York, March 9.—The World publishes the following dispatch from Infanta Eulalia, of Spain: "Sweet remembrance of the affectionate reception given me by the people of the United States when I went to their country representing my own at the festivities in honor of Columbus lives and ever will live in my heart."

Barcelona, March 9.—This city was the scene Sunday of further demonstrations against the United States.

It being Sunday, the authorities became riotous, and extra precautions were taken to quell disorders in their incipency.

Washington, March 9.—Minister Dupuy de Lome received an official dispatch Saturday announcing that the government had closed the universities at Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia and Granada.

THE FIRST GUN. Ballington Booth Inaugurates His New Movement. New York, March 9.—Mr. and Mrs. Ballington Booth addressed an immense audience at Cooper Union Sunday night.

CLAIM A VICTORY. Spaniards Rout a Force of 7,000 Insurgents in Matanzas. Havana, March 9.—An important engagement is officially reported to have taken place in the central portion of Matanzas province.

EX-CONGRESSMAN DEAD. Yankton, S. D., March 9.—W. A. Burleigh, ex-congressman and northwestern politician, died here Sunday night after a prolonged illness.

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SPANISH POLICY OUTLINED.

Passes the United States That There is a Danger Laid.
New York, March 7.—The World publishes the following authentic statement of the policy of Spain as to Cuba, as given by the prime minister of Spain, Sr. Sagasta, in a message to Joseph Pulitzer from Madrid, published in the World of March 6. The statement is as follows:
"We have, as yet, no official notification of the intentions of the American government, and cannot, therefore, take cognizance of or protest by note against any of the proceedings of the senate and house of representatives of the United States. We have taken no official notice whatever of the proceedings and messages in Washington during the last week. We have sounded the European powers of courts regarding their support in any case. All we have done is to show to the American government and to Minister Taylor that we have endeavored to enforce respect for the American legislation and consular rights, representing so sternly the Madrid government that we have ordered the universities, schools and establishments whose doors are closed, and we will close all universities, schools and establishments whose owners dare to make demonstrations hostile to the United States. We will send to the United States all the authors and promoters of such disturbances. We beg to inform you that they are prompted by the advanced republicanism."
"Nothing will be omitted on our side to show our desire to preserve cordial relations with America. I am convinced that we possess sufficient means to quell any such demonstrations. The government of Spain regrets and has made all the amends possible for the manifestation already made of the indignation which the speeches at Washington naturally excited among the loyal people of Spain."
"The situation now is one of extreme delicacy. Indeed, I cannot define how far it is possible for the government of Spain to permit amicable and careful mediation of a foreign power, however honorable and interested it may be, without incurring the grave risk of being accused of pressure and intervention in the midst of a civil war. The United States are a great power and until they recognize the object and encourage the aims of the insurrectionists in Cuba they are friendly to Spain. After the recognition of the belligerents in Cuba by the United States it would be impossible for the government of Spain to accept the good offices of President Cleveland or to permit any interference whatever."
"Nevertheless I still hope some means will be found by the president to avoid interrupting the friendly relations with the United States, which Spain has shown this week that she prizes highly."
"I am fully alive to the significance and the possible consequences of the vote of the United States congress to the rebels as well as to Spain in her relations with the United States, and especially in connection with the right of search on the high seas and in the matter of privateers and filibustering expeditions."
"The only new and seemingly warlike preparation yet made by Spain are made simply with a view of equipping a fleet of warships and transatlantic steamers to chase filibusters and to guard the coasts of Cuba. That is the sole object in view. Gen. Weyler having said that he had enough troops, only the usual reliefs will be sent to Cuba until autumn and no naval demonstration is contemplated."
"The elections will not interfere with the action of the government, as it intends to conduct them in a tolerant spirit for all parties, fair representation being arranged for even the West Indian constituencies. Besides, in every imperial and international question the Spaniards have always shown a patriotic spirit."
"The misapprehension concerning Gen. Weyler's character and methods as a soldier originated in a misstatement of facts in his career and of his assignments and instructions. Both in Cuba 20 years ago and in the Philippine islands since then Gen. Weyler has only carried out the orders of his chiefs. Before he left for Cuba he laid down his views. Consequently he has simply acted in harmony with the requirements of this war, in which the insurgents have not only set at defiance the rules of civilized warfare, but have violated the provisions of the treaty of 1763 between Spain and the United States and of the protocol of 1871, respecting the lives and the property of all real and alleged American citizens in Cuba."
"I am determined to carry out the administrative political reforms already voted by the cortes as soon as the pacification of the island permits, and even such economical tariff reforms as may be consistent with the interests of both the colony and the mother country. But it is impossible to attempt foreign reforms during a civil war or under foreign pressure in the present conditions of the island. When Marshal Campos was sent to Cuba as governor-general the government would certainly have allowed him to institute the reforms if he had deemed them advisable. But he soon discovered that it was impossible to do so."
"We cannot admit that the slightest ground exists for the recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents, whose so-called president, the marquis of Santa Lucia, and the members of the executive council are nomads, like the rebel bands, on the move. For instance, they were lately surprised and captured this week by a Spanish column in the province of Las Villas."
"CANOAS DEL CASTILLO."
BURNED IN EFFIGY.
Princeton Tigers Follow Example of Spanish Students.
Princeton, N. J., March 6.—The undergraduates of Princeton Thursday night burned in effigy the king of Spain in a demonstration in which several hundred took part. The flag of Spain was dragged through the main street and later was torn to pieces in the center of the campus.
Leadville, Col., March 6.—There was most intense excitement in this city Wednesday night when the news was received of the burning of the American flag by the Spaniards at Madrid. The news came while the ice palace festivities of Irish day were in full blast and the report spread like wildfire. The Irish-Americans and hundreds of others quickly assembled in front of the Herald-Democrat office. There was some difficulty in securing a flag of Spain, but finally one was discovered in the stock of a dry goods merchant, and the crowd quickly found kindling wood and the emblem of the Castilian was laid on it. With a mighty cheer the wood was ignited, and while the crowd sang "America" and "Columbia" the flag of Spain was consumed to ashes.

ARCHBISHOP KENRICK DEAD.

Passes Away Suddenly at His Residence in St. Louis.
St. Louis, March 5.—Most Rev. Peter Richard Kenrick, the venerable archbishop of the diocese of St. Louis, died suddenly at the archiepiscopal residence, No. 3815 Lindell boulevard, at 1:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.
[Archbishop Peter Richard Kenrick was the oldest member of the American Catholic hierarchy. He was born in Dublin in 1806, and made his ecclesiastical studies and was ordained in Ireland. He came to this country in 1832. He became affiliated with the Philadelphia diocese, in which he labored for eight years, as assistant priest, pastor, superior and professor in the diocesan seminary and vicar-general. In 1841 he was appointed coadjutor to Bishop Rosati, of St. Louis, whom he succeeded on his death in 1843. In 1847 St. Louis was made an archepiscopal see, and Bishop Kenrick became archbishop. June 3, 1895, his failing health led to the appointment of Archbishop Kane to succeed him.]
During the 50 years of Archbishop Kenrick's administration of the affairs of the diocese of St. Louis he encountered and overcame many obstacles. In 1849, when the cholera epidemic raged in that city, and



ARCHBISHOP KENRICK.

6,000 people were swept away in a month's time; when the functionaries of the city, except Mayor Barry, had fled, Archbishop Kenrick cooperated with an improvised citizens' committee and rendered effective service in checking the epidemic and relieving suffering. In 1861, at the beginning of the civil war, the archbishop promulgated a pastoral letter counseling peace. In 1865 he came prominently before the country in his fight against the "test oath" imposed by the Drake constitution. This fight was carried through adverse courts and eventually won a victory in the United States supreme court.
It was in 1865, also, that he denounced Fenianism and refused the sacraments and privileges of the church to any who belonged to the organization. In 1869 he was summoned to Rome to participate in the vatican council. Here he distinguished himself by his dauntless opposition to the promulgation of the doctrine of papal infallibility as an article of faith. He was outvoted, however, and, of course, acquiesced in the dogma. The above are but a few of the incidents of his long career. The celebration of his golden jubilee occurred on November 30, 1891, and was characterized by brilliant and imposing religious ceremonies.]

BALLINGTON BOOTH'S PLANS.

First Public Demonstration of His New Army to Be Made Sunday Night.
New York, March 6.—Maj. Peter Glen announces that the first public demonstration of the new religious movement headed by Commander Ballington Booth will be held in Cooper Union Sunday night. It is rumored that the meeting will be conducted by Ensign March, who is in command of the Bowery corps of the Salvation Army.
It has been definitely settled that the members of the new army shall wear a uniform, but there will be no red in the costume. Commander Booth will make New York his headquarters. He has already secured offices in the Bible house. He will take possession at once, and conduct all the business of the organization there from now on.

Stanford Case Decision.

Washington, March 3.—Mr. Justice Harlan in the supreme court of the United States Monday afternoon announced the decision of the court in the case of the United States vs. Jane L. Stanford, executrix of the late Senator Stanford, in favor of the executrix. This was a suit brought in the United States courts in California to recover something over \$15,000,000, Stanford's proportion as a stockholder of the Central Pacific Railroad company, of the alleged liability of the corporation to the United States for bonds advanced to it by the government where the decision was also against the United States.

Venezuela's Time Up.

Caracas, March 7.—The 90 days allowed Venezuela to answer the demand for indemnity for the arrest of English Officials Barnes and Baker on the Uruan river in December, 1894, have expired. The government will not speak officially but the highest authority is given for the statement that Venezuela refused to pay the indemnity, declaring the question of the arrest and the boundary dispute cannot be separated. To pay the indemnity would be to recognize British sovereignty over Venezuelan territory.

New England Floods.

Boston, March 5.—With the subsidence of the waters, which during Sunday night, Monday and Tuesday overwhelmed a greater part of New England, figures of losses sustained are appearing in, and from those received it is apparent that the total damage in the section will be considerably more than \$2,000,000. This does not include the wages to thousands of laboring men and women through the suspension of manufacturing and other industries. Six lives have been lost.

THE OLD "STATE OF PIKE."

Once Extended to the Pacific Ocean!—Site of the Largest Nursery in the World.
From the St. Louis Republic.
The county of Pike is older than the State of Missouri itself, having been laid out in 1819. The town of Louisiana was laid out in the same year, so that Louisiana, Mo., and the "State of Pike" came into history at the same time.
When the Territorial Government established Pike County its southern boundary was the northern line of St. Charles County. The western line was along the divide between the Mississippi and Missouri rivers, to the extreme northern line of the Territory of Upper Louisiana, and . . . extended to the Pacific Ocean on the west and to the forty-ninth degree of north latitude . . . One of the biggest institutions in Louisiana, Mo., is the Stark Bros. Nurseries. . . Eighty years ago there came from Kentucky to Pike County the late Judge Stark, then a young man fresh from Old Hickory's New Orleans campaign. He started the nursery and planted the first grafted orchard in the State, having brought the scions on horseback from Kentucky.
The business has descended from father to son, and is now conducted by the third generation, assisted by the fourth. This firm has more than 1,000 salesmen and wants as many more; business men, professional men, mechanics, farmers and others, however inexperienced, are taught the business and work the year round—receiving good pay weekly. The company employs more people in its offices than would be necessary to run a large manufacturing concern. The extensive packing-houses are connected with the railroad by special track, whence hundreds of car loads of trees are shipped annually. The nursery grounds embrace a number of farms convenient to the city, and even extend to Rockport, Ill., where there is a peculiarity of the concern is the establishment of large orchards. These orchards, in 24 states, aggregate nearly 50,000 acres, 3,500,000 trees, on the partnership plan. The firm is also interested in nearly as many more trees on the co-operative arrangement. . . . The Nurseries have been beneficial not only to their home, but Missouri owes no little of her prestige as a fruit-growing region to the progress and work of development of this firm.
WICKEDNESS may prosper for awhile, but at the long run he that sets all knaves at work will pay them.—L'Estrange.
Come to Texas.
The "Lone Star" is waving—the flag of the free; Then strike for Texas, if men you would be. No idlers are wanted, the thrifty and wise, To wealth and high station can equally rise.
Where corn, oats and cotton; the richest of loan,
Which yields to the settlers provisions and home,
Trees of every description arise on each hand,
From stony soil to the rich table land.
Here springs are exhaustless and streams never dry,
In the season from winter to autumn's bright sky.
A wide panorama of prairie is seen;
Of grasses of all kinds perennially green.
Here millions of cattle, sheep, horses and goats,
Grow fat as if stall-fed or fattened on oats.
No poverty is found in the mighty domain,
To the man who exerts either finger or brain.
Here are homes for the millions, the rich and the poor,
While Texas opens wide her hospitable door.
She has thousands of acres—yes, millions—to sell,
Yet can point without cost to where pre-emptors can dwell.
Her terms will be easy with those whom she deals,
While security, all, in their title can feel.
Buy land while 'tis cheap, and the finest select,
'Twill, young man, prove a fortune when least you expect.
Old man, for your children, buy, file it away;
A Godsend 'twill prove on some rainy day.
For a pamphlet fully describing this wonderful country address Gaston Messler, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Texas and Pacific Railway, Dallas, Texas.
Pickets will be sold to all points in Texas on April 7, April 21 and May 5. Take advantage of this great opportunity.
The OLD BLUE-BACK SPELLER
as an error while thumbing by how many who read these words! And the old familiar picture—each heart recalls a different scene, but all remember well how, cribbed and cabled and confined while sun-shiny afternoons dragged the slow length along, the old fellow grew into real admiration for the "young rascal" who would "box" who would "box" who would, either for words or grass.—It TAKES NOT come down, either to drive boys out of STARK Trees! stems and bulldogs to drive boys out of STARK Trees!—not leaves only Tested 70 Years
When you plant a Stark tree, you can depend upon it—you have the BEST "FRUIT" in the world. You can't afford to take chances. No man wants to lay the ax to the root of a tree, or dig it up, just when old enough to bear. A TREE IS KNOWN BY ITS FRUIT. Stark trees bear fruit. The finest science has ever produced. For instance—The chiefest among, not 10,000 but 20 MILLION!
From crossing our hardy fruitful American plums and the beautiful and exquisite plums of Japan. It is less than 40 years ago that we created and anothered our glorious handsome golden globes—nothing on earth as beautiful or good. No marvel, then, that such a jewel of purest rareness is worth a small fortune! A few of these trees will pay full \$3,000.00 for a single tree! A rare ornament, needs but small space—3 feet square. Bears in two years. Controlled by us under the trademark.
SALESMEN and CLUB-MAKERS WANTED—CASH PAY WEEKLY. Millions of trees! Write us—LOUISIANA, Mo., ROCKPORT, Ill.
STARK BROS' NURSERIES & ORCHARDS
I used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and have received great benefit. I believe it a safe and certain cure. Very pleasant to take.—Wm. Frazer, Rochester, N. Y.
CATARRH
ELY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sore, Protects the Mucous Membrane from colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.
A particle is applied into each nostril and inagreed-Price Agents at Druggists or by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.
THE ARMOTROR CO. does half the world's window shades at Druggists or by mail.
Others. It makes Pumping and Hoisting, Steam, Gas, Oil, and Water, and all other machinery, complete. Windmills, Tiding and Fringed Steel Towers, Steel Buss Saw Frames, Steel Food Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until they are at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Pumps and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Society 1216, Rockwell and Filmore Streets, Chicago.

The Ins and Outs of It.

If you get best wear out of a coat, best work must have gone into it. You can't get good bread out of poor flour.

Moral: You can't get the best out of anything, unless the best is in it; and the best has to be put in before it can be taken out. Now, we have a rule to test those sarsaparillas with a big "best" on the bottle. "Tell us what's put in you and we'll decide for ourselves about the best." That's fair. But these modest sarsaparillas say: "Oh! we can't tell. It's a secret. Have faith in the label." . . . Stop! There's one exception; one sarsaparilla that has no secret to hide. It's Ayer's. If you want to know what goes into Ayer's Sarsaparilla, ask your doctor to write for the formula. Then you can satisfy yourself that you get the best of the sarsaparilla argument when you get Ayer's.

Any doubt left? Get the "Curebook." It kills doubts but cures doubters.
Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Premium No. 1 Chocolate

Made by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., has been celebrated for more than a century as a nutritious, delicious, and flesh-forming beverage. Sold by grocers everywhere.

"Knocks Out All Others."

BattleAx

PLUG

The Large Piece and High Grade of "Battle Ax" has injured the sale of other brands of higher prices and smaller pieces. Don't allow the dealer to impose on you by saying they are "just as good" as "Battle Ax," for he is anxious to work off his unsalable stock.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS

PRODUCE THE EARLIEST, FINEST VEGETABLES IN THE WORLD. They are bred to earliness, full of life and vigor. That's the universal verdict. A trial will convince the most doubtful. Prices dirt cheap! Wholesale list for market gardeners. Send for stamps and get our Mammoth Plant and Seed Catalog and a package of the pumpkin yellow watermelon sensation. Catalog alone 5c for postage. It will pay you to get it.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LACROSSE, WIS.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but call direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 90 styles of Carriages, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Write for catalogue.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG CO. ELKHART, IND.

THE FERTILE SOUTH—THE BEST.
Hundreds of northern farmers are getting rich here. Are you, where you are? Write A. J. MOORE, Sec'y, Somerville, Fayette Co., Tenn.

\$5 BUYS RICH TIMBER, AGRICULTURE AND MEADOWS
Buy or lease Minnesota; adjoining station and good markets; 15 p. a. cash, balance land to rent. Illustrated circulars FREE.

W. J. WASHBURN, Jr., Minneapolis, Minn.

TREATISE ON THE EYE AND EAR

sent for 10 cents.

HOME OPIUM
Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 30 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHEN, Lebanon, Ohio.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE.

DR. J. STEPHEN, Lebanon, Ohio.

A. N. K.—A 1595

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for



AYER'S
Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."
Time table taking effect March 1st, 1896.
90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.
Detroit Night Express..... 5:10 A. M.
Atlantic Express 7:02 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express..... 10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express..... 3:19 P. M.

GOING WEST.
Mail and Express..... 9:12 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express..... 6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express..... 10:47 P. M.

No 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

PATENTS

Patents, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE, and we can secure patent in less time than those who send us drawings from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with full list of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

R-I-P-A-N-S
—
The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the estate of Jacob Haselschwerdt, deceased:
Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said deceased by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1896, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the building house upon the premises hereinafter described, in the Township of Sharon, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Monday, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1896, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased), the following described real estate, to-wit:
All situated in the Township of Sharon, Washtenaw County, Michigan, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The west sixty acres of southeast quarter of section nine, and the east half of east half of the southwest quarter of said section nine. Also the northwest quarter of northeast quarter of section sixteen, and east half of northeast quarter of northwest quarter of said section sixteen. Also the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section fifteen, and all that part of the north end of northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section fifteen lying north of highway. All said land situated on said sec. fifteen is enclosed as one parcel, and containing fifty-six acres, more or less. Also the west twenty-two acres of southwest quarter of northeast quarter of section ten. Also the south eleven acres of west half of northwest quarter of northwest quarter of said section ten, and the east half of northeast quarter of northwest quarter of said section ten, except one acre sold off in the northeast corner to Levi Andrews. Also the west half of southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of said section ten.
Dated Sharon, Mich., March 11, 1896.
EVA MARY HASELSCHWERDT,
Administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, March 6, 1896.—If Congress is in earnest about wishing the beligerency of the Cubans recognized, and steps taken towards the ultimate independence of Cuba, it must take another tack, as President Cleveland served notice upon them, in advance of the agreement between the House and Senate upon the exact form of the concurrent resolution, that he will pay no attention to that document, because it is not in accordance with his views as to the proper position this government shall occupy towards the Cubans. This notice, which was in the form of a statement prepared and given out by Secretary Olney, is regarded as extraordinary in more ways than one. It would have been extraordinary had it been given out after Congress had finally acted upon the resolution. It is a new thing for the President to say to Congress in advance of its action that he will not be governed by it. The members of the Spanish lobby in Washington are much pleased at President Cleveland's attitude; they say it will deprive the Cubans of any benefit they might have received from the adoption of the resolution by Congress.

Congress has a weapon with which it can compel Mr. Cleveland to carry out its wishes in this matter. The vote upon the Cuban resolution showed only six Senators and seventeen Representatives opposed to it. It will therefore be an easy matter, should Mr. Cleveland persist in refusing to act upon the concurrent resolution, to adopt the same in the form of a joint resolution. Should he veto it, Congress can easily pass it over his veto, provided, of course, that two-thirds of both House and Senate have the nerve to do so. The more conservative element in Congress favor waiting a reasonable time, to see if the President will act upon the concurrent resolution, before taking further steps, and that will probably be done unless something new occurs to arouse the fighting blood of Congress.

Hon. Joseph Manley, of Maine, who is in charge of the Reed campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination, has established his headquarters in Washington. He says of recent reports about New England opposition to Reed: "There is not the slightest doubt that Speaker Reed will secure the solid vote of New England. It is folly to talk of anything else. It is very easy to say that a man is not solidly supported in his own section. Everybody knows that there are warring factions among the Republicans in Ohio, and that if it were to come to a show-down between Foraker and McKinley, the former would undoubtedly win. Nevertheless no one doubts that the Ohio delegation will be solid for its favorite son, and properly so. He is entitled to the vote of that state just the same as Gov. Morison is to that of New York, and Senator Cullom that of Illinois. Mr. Reed will be quite as solid in New England as any other candidate will be in his own state."

The House Judiciary Committee this week reported a bill that is in line with common, everyday business sense and ought to speedily become a law. It makes it unlawful for United States officials to purchase, directly or indirectly, vouchers for witness fees in United States courts or any other claims against the government, and makes the penalty for violation removal from office and a fine of from \$50 to \$5,000.

The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections has reported in favor of the Allen resolution providing for an investigation by a select committee of the Senate of the last Alabama Senatorial election. The minority of the committee made a report against the resolution. As the resolution will be voted for by all the Populists and all, or nearly all, of the Republicans, its adoption is regarded as almost a certainty, unless the Democrats resort to filibustering to prevent a vote.

competent to deal with our domestic affairs. The grave questions of a deficiency in the public revenue and a crippled currency are pressing upon us for solution, and we acknowledge our inability to master them. But we can reach out and settle the affairs of other governments with ease and dispatch." Mr. Palmer isn't the only person who has noted the tendency of Congress to take a more decided stand upon the affairs of other nations than upon those of our own. But then it must be remembered that the citizens of other nations have no votes in the coming Presidential election.

Auction.

Having rented the farm we will sell at public auction, on the premises, 4 1/2 miles west of Chelsea and 2 miles north of Sylvan, on Monday, March 16, 1896, commencing at 1 p. m., the following property, viz:

- Three horses, consisting of 1 pair of mares 3 and 4 years old, well broken and right every way; 1 fine gelding 11 years old, sound and ready for business; 2 mares, 1 coming in in April and 1 in May; 6 full-blood Poland China shoats, 100 chickens, 1 cauldron kettle, 1 lumber wagon, 1 fanning mill, 1 corn sheller, 1 hay rack, 1 double cultivator, 1 plow, 1 spring tooth harrow, 1 wheel horse rake, 1 single cultivator, 1 Deering binder, 1 Champion mower, 700 bushels corn, 1 set bob-sleighs 1 cutter, 1 stack bay, hay forks, hoes, chains, etc., together with all that usually goes with a farm.

Terms of sale: All sums of \$5 or under cash down, all sums over \$5 one year's time on good approved endorsed bankable paper at 6 per cent interest.

ADOLPH BOOS,
AUGUST BOOS,
CHRIST. BOOS.
GEO. E. DAVIS, Salesman

Notice.

Dr. Twitchell wishes to announce that on account of fire he will remove his office to his residence for the present.

For Sale.

I will sell at public auction, in front of Jacob Schumacher's blacksmith shop, Chelsea, on Saturday, March 14, 1896, at 3 p. m., one span of geldings weighing 1,400 pounds each; all right single and double, and coming 5 and 6 years old. Also one matched span Clyde colts coming one year old.

Terms to suit the buyer.
GEO. E. DAVIS.

Business Pointers.

- For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.
- For rent, house and lot on Harrison street. Inquire of U. H. Townsend.
- For service—A full-blood Chesterwhite boar, nine months old. John Schantz.
- Have you seen those beautiful Newman Bro. organs that have just arrived at C. Steinbach?
- "March" bicycle for sale; used one season; fine condition. Call and see at Armstrong's.
- Four acres of land with good buildings and orchard for sale at a bargain in the village of Chelsea. D. B. Taylor.
- A magnificent lot of top and open bugles and double Surreys to be seen at C. Steinbach's. Before purchasing take a look at them.

If you want some good sound reading you can get the following: Century, Frank Leslie's, Review of Reviews, Munsey's, Godey's, Metropolitan, Cosmopolitan, Ladies' Home Journal, and other periodicals. Now for sale by A. E. Winans. Subscriptions taken for all magazines and newspapers.

Etiquette of Cards.

Cards of condolence are sent to persons after an affliction. Flowers and books may also be sent.

When it is desirable to drop an acquaintance it is only necessary to discontinue calling or omit the sending of reception cards. This should be considered as final and no explanation demanded.

Men's cards are oblong and quite small. The lettering is in clear-cut script. "Mr." should never be omitted.

It is now bad form to turn down the corners of cards. This is an obsolete custom and entirely unnecessary.

Cards for persons in mourning have a black border, not so deep as was formerly the style.

In England a widow always drops her husband's Christian name and uses her own. In this country, as often as not, she retains the deceased's name.

It is not to be wondered at that Ayer's Pills are in such universal demand. For the cure of constipation, biliousness, or any other complaint needing a laxative, these pills are unsurpassed. They are sugar-coated, easy to take, and every dose effective.

Odds and Ends.

The latest watch is a marvel of ingenuity. It is the size of a small solitaire and is intended to be worn as the button of a sleeve or shirt.

A French scientist of note maintains that a large number of the nervous maladies from which girls suffer are to be attributed to playing the piano.

Spain lost Mexico and all the rest of the Spanish American republics by the greed and oppression that came in with the first despot. In governing a colony Spain is as clearly a case of arrested civilization as China.

A Bay City girl waved her hand at a stranger, and three days later they were married. Two days later the wife waved a flat iron at her husband, and not long after he came home waving a divorce. "What are the wild waves saying?"

A traveler in Japan says that the Japanese tramp takes his hot bath daily. If he has a fraction of a cent to pay for it, or his cold bath if he hasn't a cent. He carries a comb, toothpicks, a razor and a tooth brush in a little bundle. A few Japanese tramps might well be introduced as missionaries in the American brotherhood, whose members do not seem to appreciate what cleanliness is "next to."

A society journal prints the following list of wedding anniversaries, concerning which those interested are apt to experience a little uncertainty: First, cotton; second, paper; third, leather; fourth, book; fifth, wood; sixth, garnet; seventh, woolen; eighth, bric-a-brac; ninth, topaz; tenth, tin; twelfth, silk and fine linen; fifteenth, crystal; twentieth, china; twenty-fifth, silver; thirty fifth, sapphire; fortieth, ruby; fiftieth, golden; seventy fifth, diamond.

If the statement of a distinguished physician recently made in print is true it will soon dissipate a long established fallacy. His contention is that the disease called malaria is attributable solely to the use of bad water, and that climate has nothing to do with it. He asserts with positive assurance that "the exclusive use of pure, deep seated water affords entire immunity against malaria in sections of country where no white man can live who drinks surface water."

It is true that all which is consumed by the fowls comes from the farm, whether the birds procure it themselves or receive it from the hand of the owner, but turkeys are insect destroying birds, and the larger share of their food is composed of insects and seeds, while geese are partial to young and tender weeds, purslane being one of their delicacies. Thus they use that which is of no worth, and serve as useful scavengers; and all this goes to market in the end as very desirable meat.

Shakespeare gives us more pithy sayings than any other author. From him we cull, "Count their chickens ere they are hatched," "Make assurance doubly sure," "Look before you leap," "Christmas comes but once a year." Washington Irving gives us "The almighty dollar." Thomas Norton queried long ago, "What will Mrs. Grundy say?" while Goldsmith answers, "Ask me no questions and I'll tell you no fibs." Thomas Tasser, a writer of the sixteenth century, gives us "It's an ill wind that turns no good," "Better late than never," and "The stone that is rolling will gather no moss." "All cry and no wool" is found in Butler's "Hudibras." Dryden says: "None but the brave deserve the fair." "Men are but children of the larger growth," "Through thick and thin." "Of two evils I have chosen the least," and "The end must justify the means," are from Matthew Prior. We are indebted to Colley Cibber for the agreeable intelligence that "Richard is himself again." Cowper tells us that "Variety is the spice of life." To Milton we owe "The Paradise of Fools." From Bacon comes "Knowledge is power," and Thomas Southerne reminds us that "Pity's akin to love." Dean Swift thought that "Bread is the staff of life Campbell found that "Coming events cast their shadows before," and "Tis distance lends enchantment to the view." "A thing of beauty is a joy forever," is from Keats. Franklin said "God helps those who help themselves," and Lawrence Sterne comforts us with the thought that "God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb."

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillonette, Druggist, Beaverville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. 'We won't keep store or house without it. Get a free trial at F. P. Glazier & Co's Drug Store."

Ordinance No. 34.

An ordinance granting a franchise to Lynn L. Gorton to set poles and string wires for a telephone exchange in the village of Chelsea.

The village of Chelsea ordains:
Sec. 1.—Consent, permission and authority is hereby granted to Lynn L. Gorton, his heirs, successors and assigns, for the period of thirty years, to construct, operate, maintain in and run in the streets, lanes, alleys and other public places in the village of Chelsea all needful and proper poles, mains, wires, pipes and other apparatus to be used for the transmission of electricity for the purpose of telephone communication, subject to the conditions imposed in the succeeding sections.

Sec. 2.—In constructing and extending said plant the said Gorton, his heirs, successors and assigns shall only be permitted to set poles in the streets, alleys and public places in said village at such places as the Common Council shall designate, and immediately after setting any pole or poles, said Gorton, his successors or assigns shall restore the streets, sidewalks, alleys and public places to the same condition on the surface as the same were previous to setting any pole or poles, and shall keep and maintain said surface around said poles, as near as may be, in like condition as before the ground was broken for their use, provided, however, and the said Common Council of said village hereby reserves the right to order said Gorton, his heirs, successors or assigns to change the location of any such pole or poles, and the owner or owners of said plant to forthwith make such changes in the location of said poles as said Council may direct.

Sec. 3.—Whenever it may be found necessary to make repairs on said plant, the owner or owners thereof shall take care not to unnecessarily obstruct or injure any street, alley or public place, and shall with reasonable diligence restore such streets, sidewalks, alleys or public places to as good a state of repair as the same were before said repairs were made, provided further that in constructing said plant care shall be taken not to unnecessarily or unreasonably obstruct or injure any street, alley, sidewalk or public place; provided further that if said telephone exchange is not in operation by September 1, 1896, or ceases to be operated for a period of thirty days, then the board shall have the right to withdraw this ordinance.

Sec. 4.—This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication.

Approved this 26th day of February, A. D. 1896, by order of the Common Council of said village.

G. W. BECKWITH, President.
FRED W. ROEDER, Clerk.

Markets.

Chelsea, March 13, 1896.

Eggs, per dozen	10c
Butter, per pound	12c
Oats, per bushel	20c
Corn, per bushel	20c
Wheat, per bushel	70c
Potatoes, per bushel	15c
Apples, per bushel	75c
Onions, per bushel	25c
Beans, per bushel	\$1.00

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Alfred Seitz, of the Township of Pittsfield, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, to Luther James, of the Township of Lima, County and State aforesaid, dated March 15th, A. D. 1887, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said County of Washtenaw on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1887, in Liber 66 of Mortgages, on page 476, which said mortgage was duly assigned by Thomas S. Sears and Lewis W. James, executors of the last will and testament of said Luther James, deceased, to James L. Babcock, by assignment thereof dated the 26th day of May, A. D. 1890, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said Washtenaw County on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1895, in Liber 12 of Assignments of Mortgages, on page 289; by which default the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the sum of fifteen hundred and seven dollars (\$1507.00), (and that there is still to become due thereon March 15th, 1896, an installment of principal of one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.00), and also an installment of principal on March 15th, 1897, of fourteen hundred dollars, besides interest on the above principal and no suit or proceeding at law or equity having been commenced to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1896, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the south front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County), by sale of the said premises herein described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount then due on said mortgage, together with the costs of this proceeding and the attorney fee of thirty dollars, provided for in said mortgage. Said premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows:
That certain piece or parcel of land situated in the Township of Pittsfield, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The east half of the northwest quarter of Section number fourteen (14), in Township number three (3), south of Range number six (6) east, in said State, subject to the right of way of the Detroit & Hilledale Railroad as set forth in said mortgage. The above foreclosure sale will be made subject to the payment of principal and interest yet to become due upon said described mortgage as hereinbefore stated.

Dated January 2nd, 1896.
[Signed] JAMES L. BABCOCK,
Assignee of Mortgage.
G. W. TURNBULL,
Attorney for Assignee.